

This product is for laboratory research ONLY and not for diagnostic use

#### Introduction:

GenMute<sup>™</sup> Reagent is a novel biodegradable polymer based siRNA and DNA transfection reagent. With our proprietary pH Dependent Conformational Change (PDCC) technology, the biodegradable polymer was chemically modified by addition of pre-screened hydrophobic groups to side chain, making GenMute<sup>™</sup> Reagent the most powerful siRNA delivery tool. GenMute<sup>™</sup> siRNA Transfection Reagent for RAW is pre-optimized for transfecting siRNA to RAW 264.7 cell with maximum silencing.

### **Important Guidelines for Transfection:**

- For maximum gene silencing, we recommend using GenMute™
   Transfection Buffer to dilute siRNA/DNA and GenMute™ Reagent.
- While the standard protocol for siRNA transfection to RAW 264.7 is being given below, optimization is sometimes needed for different siRNAs.

### Standard siRNA Transfection of RAW 264.7 Step I. Preparation of Working Solution of GenMute™ Transfection Buffer:

GenMute<sup>m</sup> Transfection Buffer (5x) is provided as 5x concentrated stock solution. To make working solution, dilute one part of the stock solution with 4 parts of ddH<sub>2</sub>O into a sterile bottle. The working solution is table at 4 °C~RT for 12 months.

### Step II. Cell Seeding:

Cells should be plated 18 to 24 hours prior to transfection so that the monolayer cell density reaches to the optimal  $\sim$ 60% confluency at the time of transfection. Complete culture medium with serum and antibiotics is freshly added to each well 30 $\sim$ 60 minutes before transfection.

**Note:** GenMute<sup>™</sup> reagent is NOT interfered by serum and antibiotics, therefore serum and antibiotic containing medium can be used during the entire experiment.

# Table 1. A Guideline for siRNA transfection per cell culture vessel

Culture Dish	Growth Medium (ml)	Transfection Buffer (µL)	siRNA (pmoles) Final 30 nM	GenMute™ Reagent (µL)
24-well	0.5	50	15	2.0
12-well	0.75	75	23	3.3
6-well	1.0	100	30	4.0
60 mm	3.0	300	90	12
10 cm / Flask 75	8.0	800	240	33

## Step III. siRNA Transfection Protocol:

For optimal siRNA-mediated silencing, we recommend using 30 nM siRNA. The following conditions are given per well in a 6 well

plate. For other culture format, please refer to  $\underline{\textbf{Table}}$  **1.** 

- For each well, add 1.0 ml of complete medium with serum and antibiotics freshly 30~60 minutes before transfection.
- Dilute 30 pmoles siRNA (final concentration of 30 nM respectively per well) into 100 µl of working solution of GenMute<sup>™</sup> Transfection Buffer prepared in <u>Step I</u>. Pipette up and down to mix.
- Note: For maximum gene silencing, dilute siRNA and GenMute<sup>™</sup> reagent with GenMute<sup>™</sup> Transfection Buffer (1x). We strongly suggest reconstituting siRNA stock solution at 10 µM, so add 3.0 µl siRNA stock solution per well of 6-well plate to make final 30 nM siRNA.
- Add 4.0 µl GenMute<sup>™</sup> reagent, mix by pipetting up and down.
- Incubate for  ${\sim}15$  minutes at RT to let transfection complex form.
- Note: Never keep the complex longer than 30 minutes.
- Add the transfection mix to the cells drop wise. Gently rock the plate back and forth and return the plate to  $CO_2$  incubator.
- Replace transfection medium by cell growth medium
   ~5 hours after transfection when necessary.
- Gene silencing is usually measured 24~48 hours post transfection.

**Storage:** GenMute<sup>TM</sup> siRNA Transfection Reagent is stable for up to 12 months at 4 °C. This item shipped at ambient temperature